# Innoculation injury


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## Condition

Accidental penetration of the skin, or splash in the eye, with an object potentially contaminated with human bodily fluids.

## Individual at risk

Recipient

## Guidance at RECRUITMENT for adult volunteer donor and maternal donor (cord blood donation)

ACCEPTABLE

## Guidance at CT/WORK-UP

Acceptable if four months have passed since injury and validated nucleic acid testing (NAT) is used for hepatitis B and C.

Unacceptable if needle/instrument may have been contaminated with abnormal prion protein.

This deferral period may be shortened at the discretion of the requesting transplant centre.

## Justification for guidance

There is a risk of transmission of blood-borne viruses through an accidental innoculation injury if the offending instrument is contaminated with bodily fluids.

## References


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